

DOE Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO) 2023 Project Peer Review

CO₂ Reduction and Upgrading for e-Fuels Consortium (CO₂RUe)

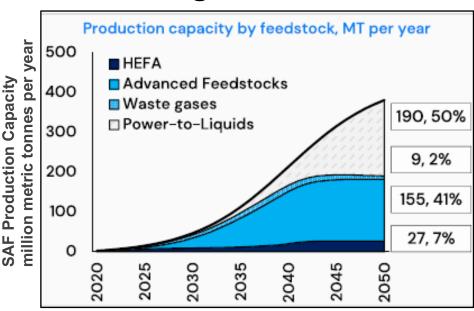
April 6, 2023
CO₂ Conversion
Michael G. Resch - Director
NREL

Project Overview: A Change in Trends

Electrification of the Transportation Sector

Dotted lines indicate the year in which various transport modes have largely stopped consuming fosall fuels Ref. Light committee and committe

Increasing SAF Demand



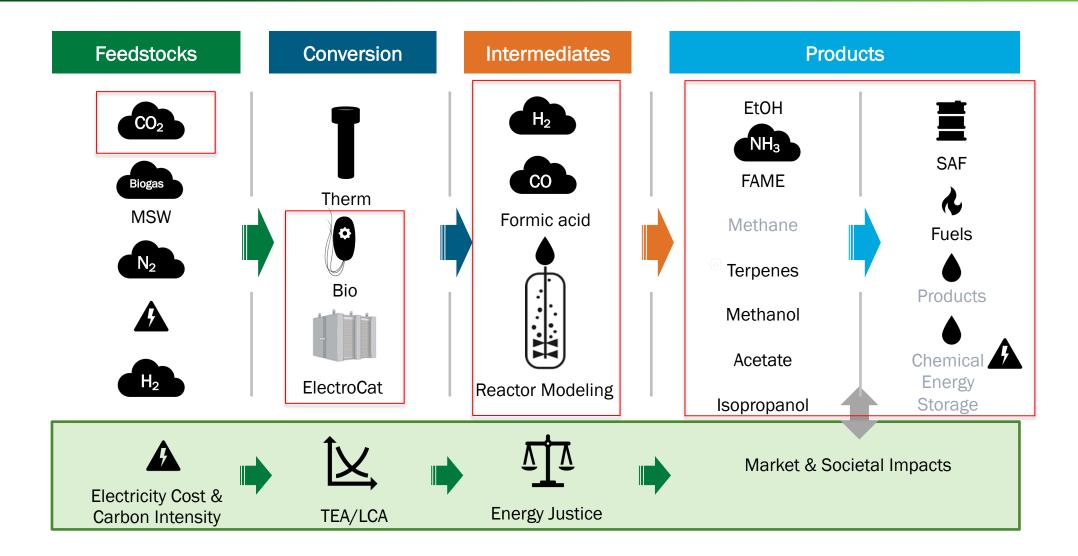
Challenge: Commercial shipping and transportation expected to be difficult to electrify/decarbonize. Projected supply of traditional biomass feedstocks may be insufficient to fully meet global demand. CO_2 as a feedstock could help meet SAF Grand Challenge



CO₂RUe Approach

Develop technologies to upgrade CO_2 to fuels and chemicals in order to reduce GHG emissions as well as land and water use and incentivize decarbonization.

1. Waste Gas Research Areas





1. Approach: Emerging Opportunities Involving CO₂

H₂-mediated Conversion Technologies

$$CO_2 + H_2 \rightarrow CO + H_2O$$

 $CO_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow CH_3OH + H_2O$

Fischer-Tropsch
Reverse Water-gas Shift
Catalytic Hydrogenation to Methanol
Methanol to Olefins
Methanol to Gasoline

↑Heat, ↑Pressure, ↑Scale, ↑TRL

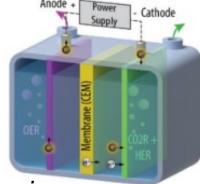
Electron-mediated Emerging Technologies

$$CO_2 + 2e^- + 2H^+ \rightarrow CO + H_2O$$

 $2CO_2 + 12e^- + 12H^+ \rightarrow C_2H_4 + 4H_2O$

Electrolysis

Non-thermal Plasma

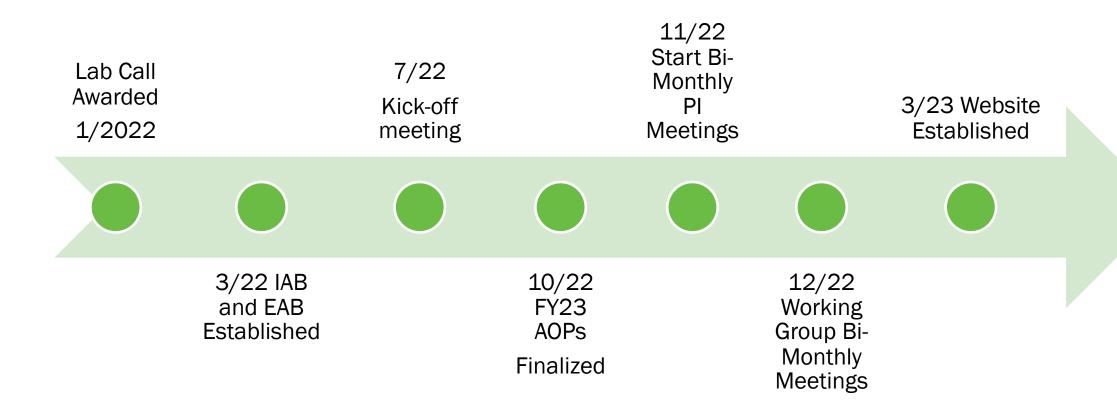


Microbial Electrosynthesis

↓Heat, ↓Pressure, ↓Scale, ↓TRL

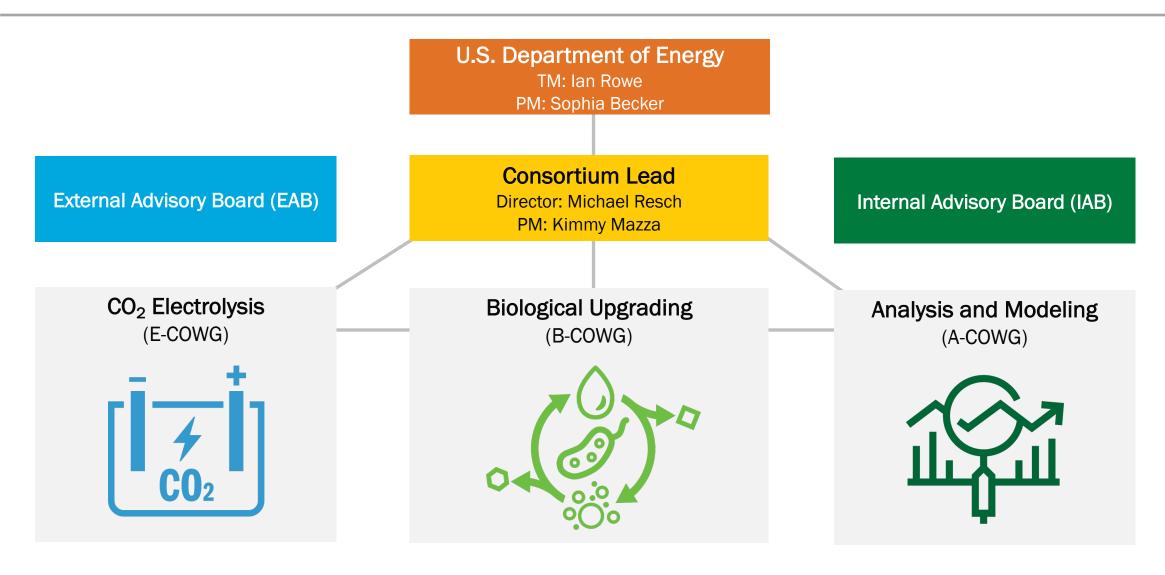
Opportunity: Emerging direct-electrification pathways show promising attributes, but low in TRL and in need of more R&D

1. Lifetime of the CRUE Consortium





1. How We Work Together

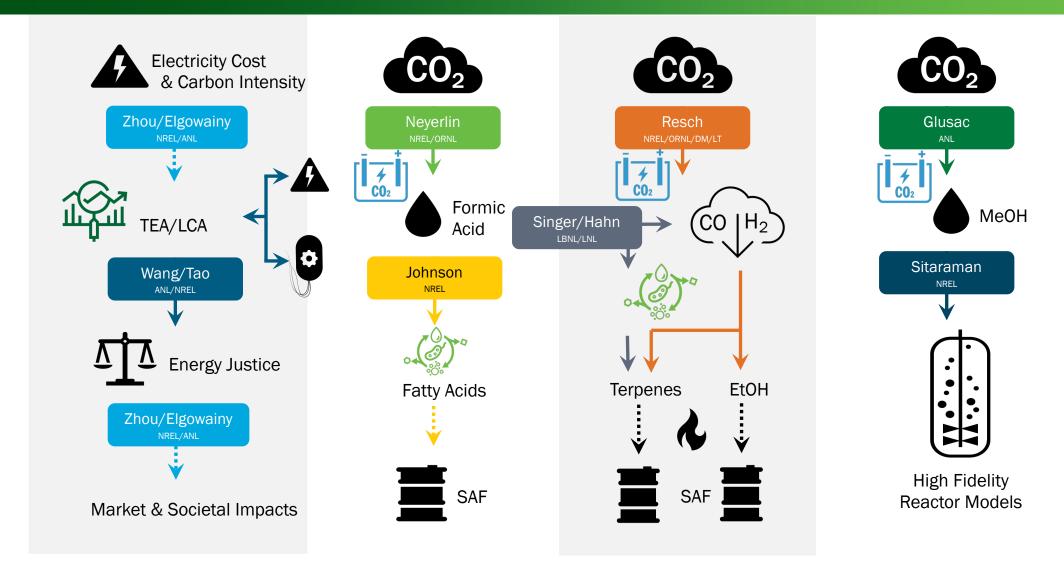




1. Challenges and Risk Mitigation

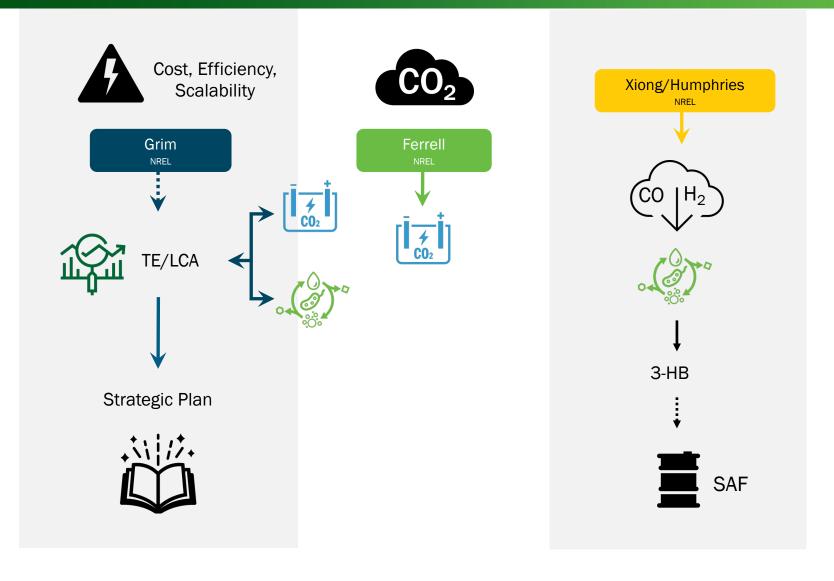
CO₂RUe Risk Factors **Risk Mitigation** Early-Stage Research difficult Outreach to EAB, industry, stateholders and research to address barriers to de-risk and demonstrate Working group communication, Siloed Projects collaborative milestones Electricity and CO₂ feedstock Leverage BETO analysis models on supply expensive and limited location, cost and availability 2030 & 2050 Establish technologies with the potential Large uncertainties of for cost parity with conventional SAF incentives

2. Progress – FY21 Lab Call Selected Projects



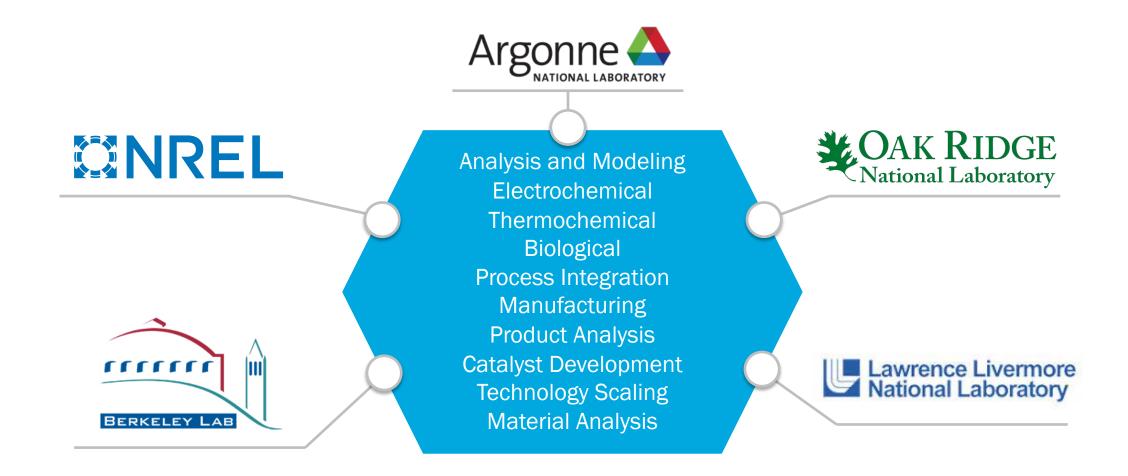


2. Progress – Existing CO₂ Projects





2. Lab Capabilities



2. CO₂RUe Consortium Structure

U.S. Department of Energy

Consortium Projects

External Advisory Board (EAB)

- Industry/academia/gov
- Advise on state of technology to inform strategic direction
- Evaluate and make recommendations to BETO, PIs and Director
- Contribute to COWG Bimonthly technology reviews

Consortium Lead Pl: Michael Resch

PM: Kimmy Mazza

- Leads strategic development with input from boards and researchers
- Ensure objective research that generates independent, high quality, and reproducible results
- Coordination of project goals
- Ensure integrity of collaborative relationships
- Lead monthly PI and COWG meetings
- Bi-Weekly BETO TM Meeting

Internal Advisory Board (IAB)

- Composed of national laboratory leadership
- Responsible for identifying broad e-fuels goals that align with DOE mission
- Help inform lead to assist strategy development
- Annual In-Person Meeting



2. Internal Advisory Board (IAB)



LBNL – **Blake Simmons**, Division
Director, Biological
Systems & Engineering



NREL – **Adam Bratis**, Associate
Lab Director



LLNL – **Roger Aines**, Energy Program Chief Scientist in E Program



ANL – **Seth Darling**, Chief Science & Technology Officer in Advanced Energy Technologies Directorate



ORNL - **David Scholl**, Director
Transformational
Decarbonization
Initiative

2. External Advisory Board (EAB)

Feedstocks/CO₂ producers

Eric Hittinger – RIT

Dave Carlson – POET

Electrochemical

Tyler Petek – Lubrizol Matt Kanan – Stanford Kathy Ayers – Nel

Biological

Jan Westpheling – University of GA Mich Hein – Electrochaea

Thermochemistry/Fuels

Clare Behrens – Leidos Aalo Gupta – Phillips 66

















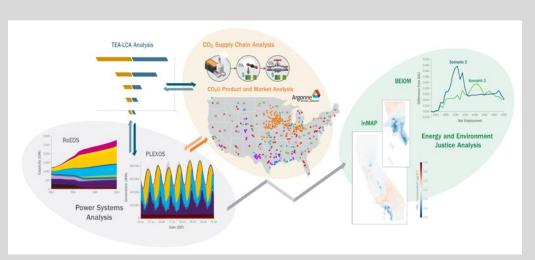


2. Near term activities

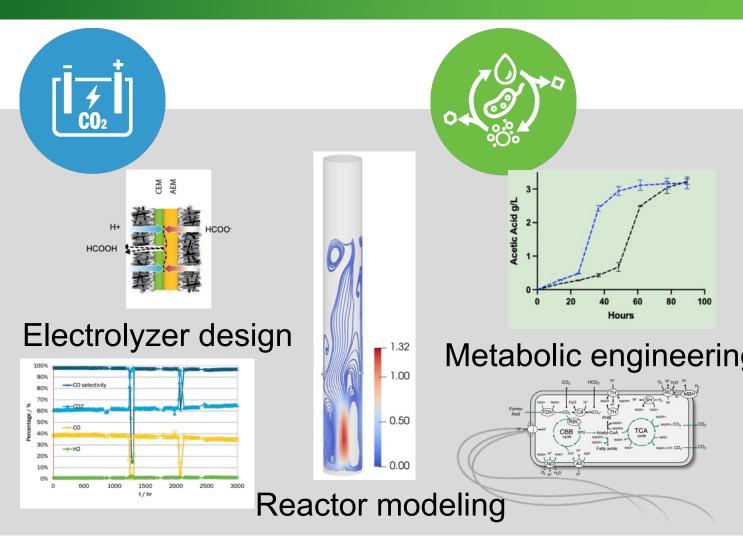
- ✓ Regular meetings with PIs and Advisory Board
- ✓ CO₂ to fuels Strategic Plan report and publication
- ✓ Establish pathway technical targets
- ✓ Develop Consortium website and communication
- Learning Materials
 - DEIA directed opportunities for students and teachers

2. Technical Accomplishments





Identifying economic and environmental Drivers



3. Impact

- Understand how much CO₂ derived fuels could contribute towards SAF Grand
 Challenge of 3 B gallons SAF by 2030, 35 B gallons by 2050
- Focus on products with a 50% reduction in GHG emissions
- Engage industry in partnerships to Identify opportunities
- High impact journal publications, conference presentations and webinars
- Cross lab collaborations
- Partnering with other CO₂ Consortia
- Integration of projects and pathways
- Incentivize waste CO₂ utilization
- Derisk technologies toward commercialization and deployment



3. Setting Near Term Technical Targets

Feedstocks (siting, availability, cost)

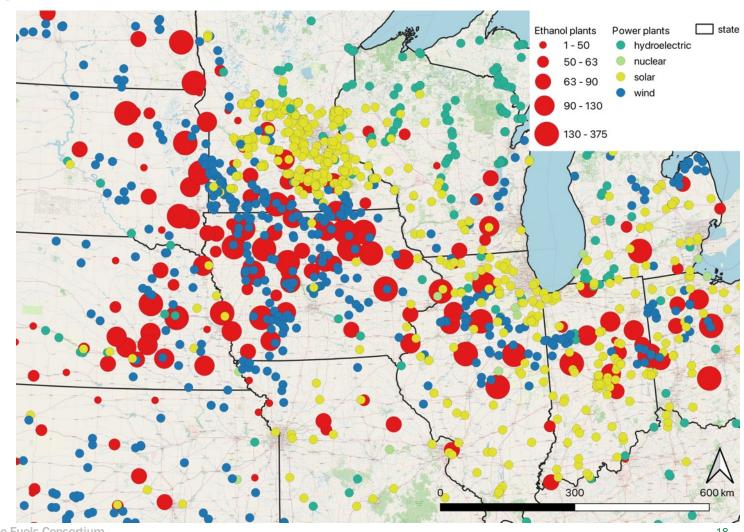
- Low Carbon Electricity
- $-CO_2$

Electrochemcial

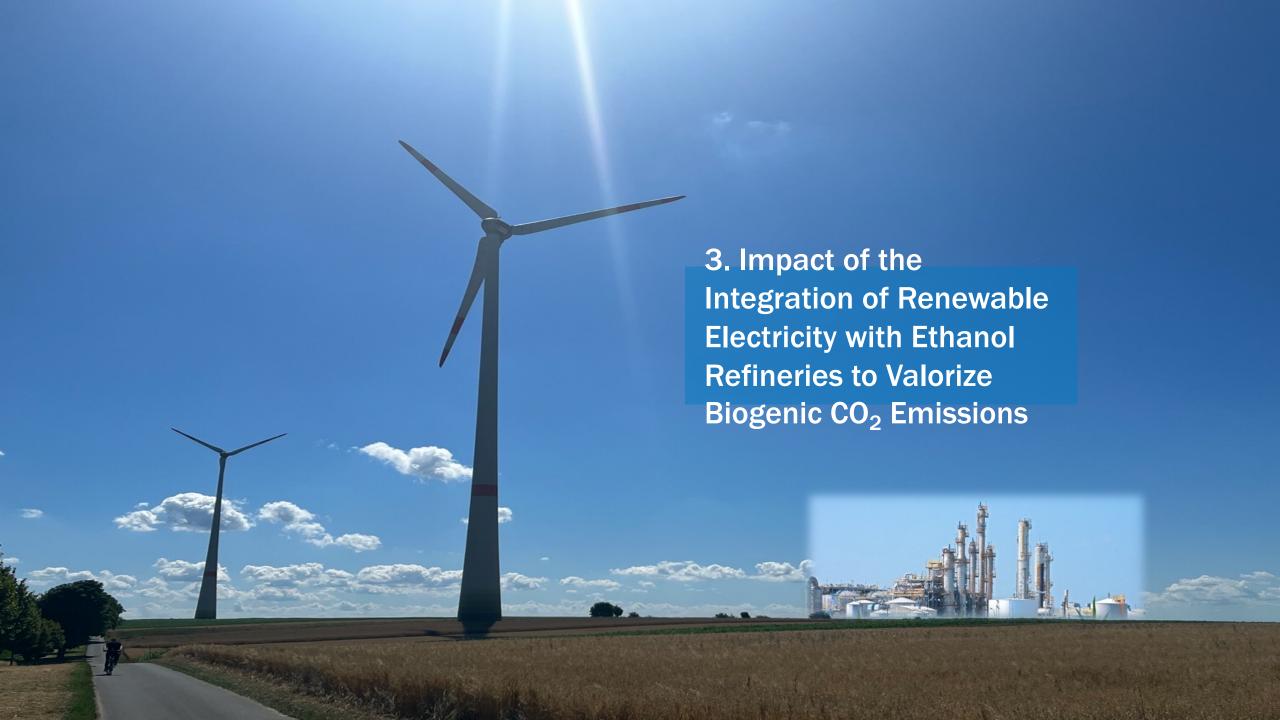
- Carbon efficiency
- e⁻ efficiency
- Scalability
- Robustness

Fermentation

- T-R-Y
- Carbon efficiency
- Reactor design

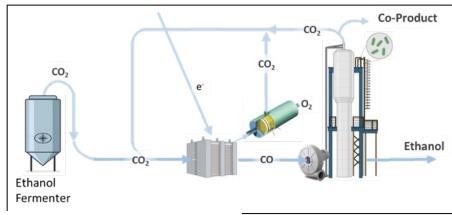






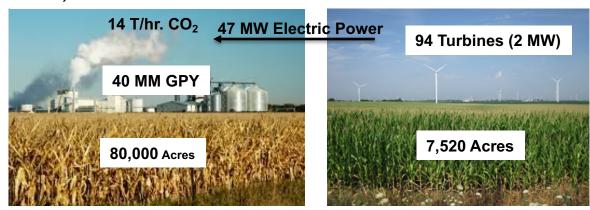
3. What If We Could Convert Biogenic CO₂ From a Gen. 1 Ethanol Refinery into Additional Product?

- 40 MM Gal/yr. biorefinery produces 14 T CO₂/hr.
- converted this CO2 could increase production capacity from 40 MGY to 58 MGY.
- This would require 5,600 m²
 (2.5kg/hr./m²) of electrolyzer
 membranes and about 47 MW of
 renewable power
- Assume (for 47 MW):
 - 2 MW Wind Turbine
 - Capacity factor: 25%
 - Acres per turbine: 80
 - Turbines needed: 94



40 MM GPY Refinery Will Need 80,000 Acres of Corn Field

94 Turbines (2 MW) Can Produce 47 MW at 25% Capacity Factor



There is enough space available in corn fields to install wind turbines to produce power to convert all of the biogenic CO₂ from fermentation



Quad Chart Overview

Timeline

Project start date: October 2023

Project end date: September 2025

	FY22 Costed	Total Award
DOE Funding	0\$	\$1,950k (\$650k/yr.)

Funding Mechanism

CO₂ Lab Call

Project Goal

This project will directly support BETO's CO₂ utilization goals under "Decarbonizing energyintensive industries" by ensuring BETO has a robust plan and well-run consortium to develop technologies to upgrade CO₂ to fuels and chemicals in order to reduce GHG emissions, decrease land and water use, and incentivize decarbonization. This project directly supports diversity, equity, and inclusion by making resources available on the website for students and teachers to learn about BETO technologies in a free and accessible environment.

End of Project Milestone

Write a white paper highlighting all of the technical advances of the consortium in the previous three-year cycle. The document will be used for BETO as a marketing tool and it will be posted on the consortium website. (FY25 Q4)



Thank You

DOE - Kevin Craig

Ian Rowe

Robert Natelson

ANL - Michael Wang

Amgad Elgowainy

Ksenija Glusac

LLNL - Chris Hahn

LBNL - Steve Singer

Eric Sundstrom

NREL - Ella Zhou

Hariswaran Sitaraman

Wei Xiong

Jack Ferrell

Gary Grim

Ling Tao

K.C. Neyerlin

Chris Johnson

Kimmy Mazza

Amie Sluiter





Q&A

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